

**cultural identity:** a sense of personal connection with a particular culture group

**cultural landscape:** the evidence of human activity on a physical environment

**cultural marker:** structure or artifact (e.g., building, spiritual place, architectural style, sign, etc.) that reflects the cultures and histories of those who constructed or occupy them.

**culture:** the learned behavior of people, including their languages, belief systems, social structures, institutions, and material goods (e.g., food, clothing, tools, buildings, technology, art, music)

**emigrant:** a person who leaves a country to reside in another

**emigration:** leaving one country to move to another (e.g., the Lost Boys emigrated from Sudan)

**immigrant:** a person who enters a new country from another to take up residence

**immigration:** moving into a new country (e.g., the Lost Boys immigrated to the United States)

**migration (human):** the movement of people from one place in the world to another for the purpose of taking up permanent or semipermanent residence, usually across a political boundary

**refugee:** a person who is residing outside the country of his or her origin due to fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion

**resettlement:** official policy of moving refugees to new, permanent homes, usually in a different country

For background information on human migration, see the National Geographic [Xpeditions: Human Migration Guide](#) (Grades 6-8).